



# JW3665/JW3665A

## 1A/18V Linear Charger for Single Cell Li-Ion Battery with Thermal Regulation

*Preliminary Specifications Subject to Change without Notice*

### DESCRIPTION

The JW<sup>®</sup>3665/JW3665A is a complete constant-current and constant-voltage linear charger for single cell lithium-ion batteries. Its compact package and low external component count make the JW3665/JW3665A ideally suited for portable applications. Furthermore, the JW3665/JW3665A is specifically designed to work within USB power specifications.

No external sense resistor is needed, and no blocking diode is required due to the internal MOSFET architecture. Thermal feedback regulates the charge current to limit the die temperature during high power operation or high ambient temperature. The charge voltage is fixed at 4.2V (JW3665) or 4.35V (JW3665A), and the charge current can be programmable externally. The JW3665/JW3665A terminates the charge cycle when the charge current drops to 1/10 of the presetting value (or 10mA) after the final float voltage is reached.

When the input supply is removed, the JW3665/JW3665A enters a low current state, dropping the battery drain current to less than 1 $\mu$ A. The JW3665/JW3665A can be put into shutdown mode, reducing the supply current to 75 $\mu$ A during adaptor is present.

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The JW3665/JW3665A guarantees robustness with input and battery reverse connection protection, input under voltage lockout, input over voltage protection and thermal shutdown.

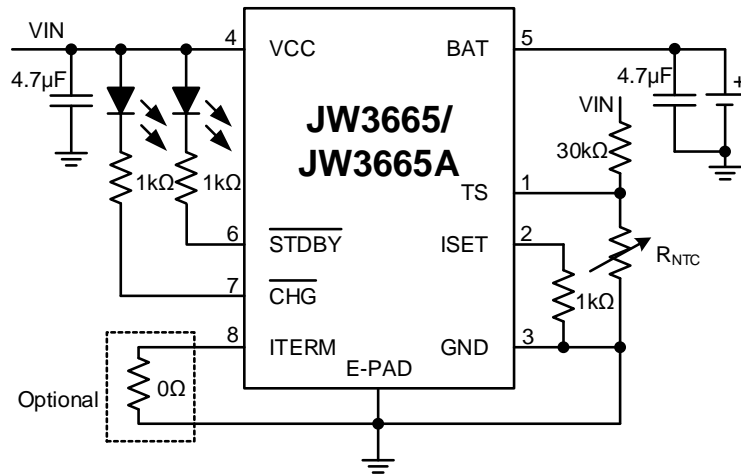
### FEATURES

- 18V Input Rating, 7.5V Input Over Voltage Protection
- Programmable Charge Current Up to 1A
- 10mA Charge Termination
- Operation Over JEITA Range via Battery NTC – 1/2 I<sub>CHG</sub> at Cool, 4.1V at Warm
- Input Reverse Polarity Protection
- Battery Reverse Polarity Protection
- Charging Management (Trickle Charge, Constant Current Charge, Constant Voltage Charge, Charge Termination, Auto Recharge)
- 4.2V/4.35V Charge Voltage with 1% Accuracy
- 2.9V Trickle Charge Threshold
- Soft-Start Limits Inrush Current
- Input Under Voltage Lockout, Thermal Shutdown
- Charge Status Indicators – Charging/ Done
- Available in DFN2x2-8 Package

### APPLICATIONS

- Portable Media Players, Digital Cameras
- Bluetooth Applications
- Toys
- Li-Ion Battery Powered Devices

**TYPICAL APPLICATION**



**Typical Application Circuit**

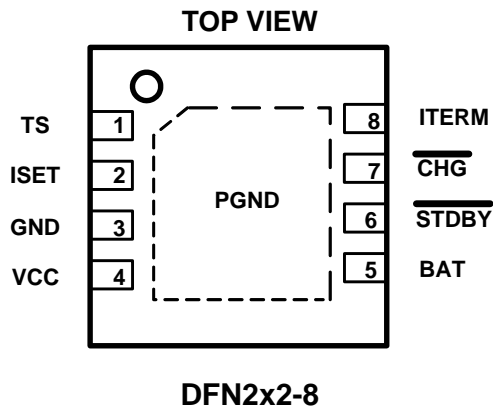
**ORDER INFORMATION**

DEVICE <sup>1)</sup>	PACKAGE	TOP MARKING <sup>2)</sup>
JW3665DFND#TRPBF	DFN2x2-8	JWHD□ YW□□□
JW3665ADFND#TRPBF	DFN2x2-8	JWHE□ YW□□□

**Notes:**

- 1) JW□□ # TRPBF  
 PB Free  
 Tape and Reel (If "TR" is not shown, it means tube)  
 Package Code  
 Part No.
- 2) Line1: JW□□□ Internal control code  
 Product code  
 Joulwatt LOGO
- Line2: YW□□□ Lot number  
 Week code  
 Year code

**PIN CONFIGURATION**



**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING<sup>1)</sup>**

VCC.....	-5.5V to 18V
VCC-BAT.....	-8.5V to 18V
BAT.....	-5.5V to 5.5V
TS.....	-5.5V to 18V
$\overline{\text{STDBY}}$ , $\overline{\text{CHG}}$ .....	-0.3V to 18V
ISET, ITERM.....	-0.3V to 6.5V
Junction Temperature <sup>2)</sup> .....	150°C
Lead Temperature .....	260°C
Storage Temperature .....	-65°C to +150°C
ESD Rating (Human-Body Model, HBM).....	±2kV
ESD Rating (Charged-Device Model, CDM).....	±1kV

**RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS<sup>3)</sup>**

VCC.....	4.3V to 7.5V
Operation Junction Temperature (T <sub>J</sub> ) .....	-40°C to 125°C
Continuous Power Dissipation (T <sub>A</sub> =25°C) <sup>4)</sup> DFN2x2-8.....	1.67W

**THERMAL PERFORMANCE<sup>5)</sup>**

	$\theta_{JA}$	$\theta_{JC}$
DFN2x2-8.....	60	8.6°C/W

**Note:**

- 1) Exceeding these ratings may damage the device. These stress ratings do not imply function operation of the device at any other conditions beyond those indicated under RECOMMEND OPERATION CONDITIONS.
- 2) The JW3665/JW3665A includes thermal protection that is intended to protect the device in overload conditions. Continuous operation over the specified absolute maximum operating junction temperature may damage the device.
- 3) The device is not guaranteed to function outside of its operating conditions.
- 4) The maximum allowable continuous power dissipation at any ambient temperature is calculated by  $P_{D(MAX)} = (T_{J(MAX)} - T_A) / \theta_{JA}$ .
- 5) Measured on JESD51-7, 4-layer PCB

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

<i>Over junction temperature range (0°C ≤ T<sub>J</sub> ≤ 125°C) and the recommended supply voltage range, unless otherwise stated</i>						
<b>Item</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Typ.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Units</b>
<b>INPUT</b>						
Input operation voltage range	V <sub>CC</sub>		4.3	5	7.5	V
Input under-voltage lock-out threshold	V <sub>UV</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> rising, V <sub>CC</sub> > V <sub>BAT</sub> + V <sub>ASD</sub>	3.9	4.0	4.1	V
Input under-voltage lock-out hysteresis	V <sub>UV_HYS</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> falling, V <sub>CC</sub> > V <sub>BAT</sub> + V <sub>ASD</sub>	100	150	200	mV
V <sub>CC</sub> -V <sub>BAT</sub> lock-out threshold	V <sub>ASD</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> rising	70	100	140	mV
		V <sub>CC</sub> falling	5	30	50	mV
Input over-voltage protection threshold	V <sub>OVP</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> rising	7.3	7.5	7.7	V
Hysteresis on input OVP	V <sub>OVP_HYS</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> falling	100	150	200	mV
Input OVP deglitch time <sup>6)</sup>	t <sub>OVP_DEG</sub>			50		μs
Input OVP recovery time <sup>6)</sup>	t <sub>OVP_REC</sub>			400		μs
Input pull-down resistance <sup>6)</sup>	R <sub>PD</sub>			100		kΩ
<b>QUIESCENT CURRENT</b>						
Quiescent V <sub>CC</sub> supply current	I <sub>Q_VCC</sub>	I <sub>VCC</sub> -I <sub>BAT</sub> , charge mode		1.12	1.6	mA
		Charge terminated		120	220	μA
		R <sub>ISSET</sub> disconnected; Or V <sub>CC</sub> < V <sub>BAT</sub> + V <sub>ASD</sub> ; Or V <sub>CC</sub> < V <sub>UV</sub>		75	160	μA
Quiescent BAT supply current	I <sub>Q_BAT</sub>	Charge terminated		2.5	6	μA
		R <sub>ISSET</sub> disconnected; Or V <sub>CC</sub> < V <sub>BAT</sub> + V <sub>ASD</sub> ; Or V <sub>CC</sub> < V <sub>UV</sub>		±1	±2	μA
<b>BATTERY CHARGER</b>						
Battery regulation voltage	V <sub>FLOAT</sub>	JW3665, 0°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 85°C, TS normal temperature.	4.158	4.2	4.242	V
		JW3665A, 0°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 85°C, TS normal temperature.	4.306	4.35	4.394	V
		TS hot temperature, JW3665, JW3665A	4.02	4.06	4.10	V
Soft-start time <sup>6)</sup>	t <sub>SS</sub>	I <sub>BAT</sub> = 0 to I <sub>CHG</sub>		25		ms
Power FET "ON" resistance (between V <sub>CC</sub> and BAT) <sup>6)</sup>	R <sub>ON</sub>			700		mΩ

I <sub>SET</sub> pin voltage on CC charge phase	V <sub>ISET_CC</sub>	R <sub>ISET</sub> =1kΩ~10kΩ, TS normal temperature	0.95	1.0	1.05	V
		R <sub>ISET</sub> =1kΩ~10kΩ, TS cool temperature	0.475	0.5	0.525	V
I <sub>SET</sub> pin voltage on trickle charge phase	V <sub>ISET_TRIK</sub>	R <sub>ISET</sub> =1kΩ~10kΩ, trickle charge	0.08	0.1	0.12	V
Constant current factor	K <sub>CC</sub>		900	1000	1100	AΩ
Trickle current factor	K <sub>TRIK</sub>		75	100	135	AΩ
Charge current in CC charge phase	I <sub>CHG</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> >V <sub>UV</sub> , V <sub>CC</sub> >V <sub>BAT</sub> +V <sub>ASD</sub> , V <sub>BAT</sub> >V <sub>TRIK</sub> , not DPM	K <sub>CC</sub> / R <sub>ISET</sub>			A
Charge current in trickle charge phase	I <sub>TRIK</sub>		K <sub>TRIK</sub> / R <sub>ISET</sub>			A
Trickle charge threshold voltage	V <sub>TRIK</sub>	V <sub>BAT</sub> rising	2.8	2.9	3.0	V
Trickle charge hysteresis voltage	V <sub>TRIK_HYS</sub>		100	150	200	mV
Deglitch time on charge phase switch between trickle mode and CC mode <sup>6)</sup>	t <sub>TC_DEG</sub>	Trickle to CC charge		25		ms
		CC to trickle charge		25		ms
Termination comparator detection threshold	I <sub>TERM</sub>	V <sub>ITERM</sub> >V <sub>MTERM</sub>	0.75	0.1	0.135	xI <sub>CHG</sub>
		V <sub>ITERM</sub> <V <sub>MTERM</sub>	5	10	15	mA
Termination detected deglitch time <sup>6)</sup>	t <sub>TERM</sub>			50		ms
Recharge detection threshold	ΔV <sub>RCHG</sub>	V <sub>BAT</sub> falling, V <sub>FLOAT</sub> -V <sub>RCHG</sub>	100	150	200	mV
Recharge detected deglitch time <sup>6)</sup>	t <sub>RCHG</sub>			50		ms
<b>VINDPM AND THERMAL REGULATION</b>						
Input voltage threshold when charge current is reduced	V <sub>IN_DPM</sub>		4.15	4.3	4.45	V
Junction temperature threshold when charge current is reduced <sup>6)</sup>	T <sub>J_DPM</sub>			125		°C
Thermal shut down threshold <sup>6)</sup>	T <sub>J_SD</sub>	T <sub>J</sub> rising		155		°C
Thermal shut down hysteresis <sup>6)</sup>	T <sub>J_SDHYS</sub>			20		°C
<b>ISET, ITERM</b>						
ISET pin pull-up current <sup>6)</sup>	I <sub>ISET</sub>			2		μA
Manual shutdown threshold voltage	V <sub>MSD</sub>	ISET pin rising	1.45	1.5	1.55	V
		ISET pin falling	1.15	1.2	1.25	V
Maximum charge current	I <sub>CHG_MAX</sub>	ISET connected to GND	1.15	1.3	1.45	A

ITERM pin pull-up current <sup>6)</sup>				2		$\mu\text{A}$
Manual select termination current threshold voltage	$V_{\text{MTERM}}$	ITERM pin rising	1.45	1.5	1.55	V
		ITERM pin falling	1.15	1.2	1.25	V
<b>INDICATORS</b>						
Output LOW voltage on $\overline{\text{STDBY}}$ pin <sup>6)</sup>	$V_{\overline{\text{STDBY}}}$	$I_{\overline{\text{STDBY}}} = 5\text{mA}$ , sink current			0.6	V
Output LOW voltage on $\overline{\text{CHG}}$ pin <sup>6)</sup>	$V_{\overline{\text{CHG}}}$	$I_{\overline{\text{CHG}}} = 5\text{mA}$ , sink current			0.6	V
<b>BATTERY-PACK NTC MONITOR (JEITA Thermistor Comparator)</b>						
0°C threshold	$V_{\text{TS}_0}$		46.62	47.62	48.62	%V <sub>CC</sub>
10°C threshold	$V_{\text{TS}_{10}}$		36.45	37.45	38.62	%V <sub>CC</sub>
45°C threshold	$V_{\text{TS}_{45}}$		13.07	14.07	15.07	%V <sub>CC</sub>
60°C threshold	$V_{\text{TS}_{60}}$		8.14	9.14	10.14	%V <sub>CC</sub>
Disable NTC monitor function threshold	$V_{\text{TS}_{\text{DIS}}}$		3	4	5	%V <sub>CC</sub>
Deglintch time on thermistor comparator output transition	$t_{\text{TS\_DEG}}$			25		ms
<b>VCC, BAT REVERSE LEAKAGE</b>						
VCC reverse leakage	$I_{\text{VCC\_R}}$	$V_{\text{CC}} = -5\text{V}$ , $V_{\text{BAT}} = V_{\text{FLOAT}}$			10	mA
BAT reverse leakage	$I_{\text{BAT\_R}}$	$V_{\text{CC}} = 5\text{V}$ , $V_{\text{BAT}} = -V_{\text{FLOAT}}$			5	mA

**Notes:**

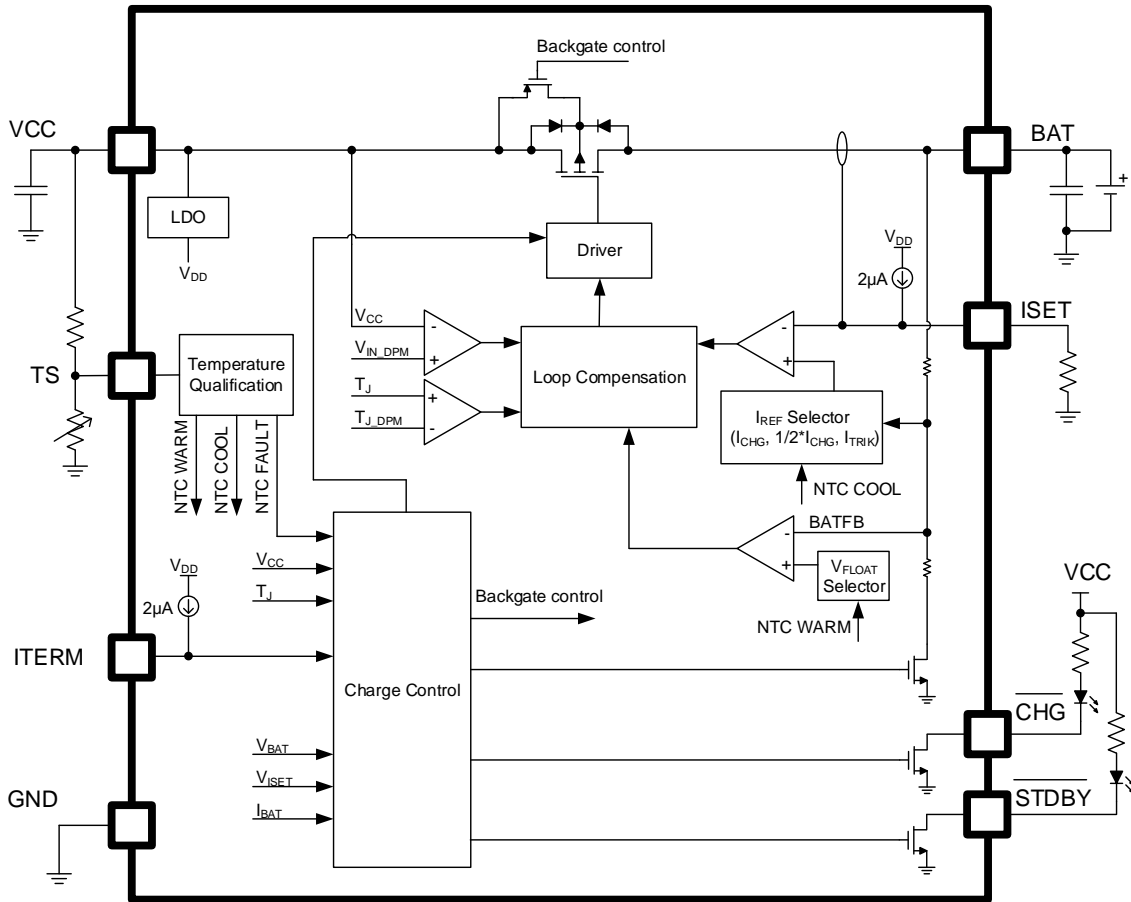
6) Guaranteed by design.

**PIN DESCRIPTION**

Pin No.	Name	Description
1	TS	External NTC thermistor input. Program temperature window with a resistor divider from VCC to TS to GND. It is recommended to use a 103AT thermistor.
2	ISET	ISET pin sets the charge current of constant-current phase by regulating the ISET voltage at 1V or 0.5V (at cool temperature). A resistor is connected from ISET pin to ground to set the constant-current as $I_{CHG}=1000A\Omega/R_{ISET}$ . In trickle charge phase, the ISET voltage is regulating at 0.1V and set the trickle-current as $I_{TRIK}=100A\Omega/R_{ISET}$ .
3	GND	Ground. Connect to the thermal pad and to the ground rail of the circuit.
4	VCC	Input power connection. This pin provides power to the charger. Connect bypass ceramic capacitor 1 $\mu$ F to 10 $\mu$ F to ground.
5	BAT	Charge current output. Provides charge current to the battery and regulates the final float voltage to 4.2V or 4.35V. Bypass BAT to GND with a 4.7 $\mu$ F to 47 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor.
6	$\overline{STDBY}$	Open-drain charge finished status indication output. $\overline{STDBY}$ pulls to LOW only when the charging is complete. Otherwise, $\overline{STDBY}$ is high impedance.
7	$\overline{CHG}$	Open-drain charges status indication output. When the battery is charging, the $\overline{CHG}$ pulled low by an internal N-channel MOSFET. In other status, $\overline{CHG}$ is high impedance.
8	ITERM	Charge termination current configure pin. Float ITERM pin allows a 2 $\mu$ A current to pull ITERM high, the termination current is configured to $I_{TRIK}=100A\Omega/R_{ISET}$ when ITERM voltage is above $V_{MTERM}$ . Connect ITERM pin to ground forces the ITERM voltage below $V_{MTERM}$ and configures termination current fixed to 10mA.
-	Thermal Pad	Exposed pad. The exposed package pad is ground and must be soldered to the PCB for maximum heat transfer.



BLOCK DIAGRAM



**FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION**

The JW3665/JW3665A is a complete constant-current and constant-voltage linear charger for single cell lithium-ion batteries. It can deliver up to 1A charge current (using a good thermal PCB layout) with a final voltage accuracy of  $\pm 1\%$ . No blocking diode or external current sense resistor is required. The input power source for charging the battery can be an AC adapter or a USB port. When charging from a USB port, the input dynamic power management ( $V_{IN-DPM}$ ) circuit reduced the input current if the input voltage falls below a threshold, thus preventing the USB port from crashing. An internal thermal limit reduces the charge current if the die temperature attempts to rise above a preset value of approximately  $125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ . This feature protects the JW3665/JW3665A from excessive temperature, and allows the user to take full advantage of the power handling capability at a given circuit board without risk of damaging the JW3665/JW3665A or external components.

**Normal Charge Cycle**

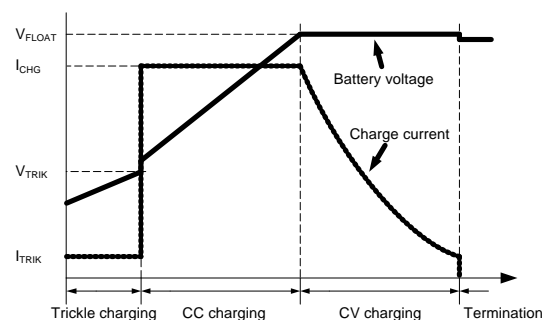
The JW3665/JW3665A powers internal bias circuits from VCC. When VCC voltage rises above UVLO threshold, the device wakes up from sleep mode, the VCC comparator, TS comparator, ISET comparator and junction temperature comparator are active.

JW3665/JW3665A enables the power MOSFET and starts a charge cycle when all the below conditions are valid:

- $V_{CC}$  above  $V_{UV}$
- $V_{CC}$  above  $V_{BAT}+V_{ASD}$
- $V_{CC}$  below  $V_{OVP}$
- $T_J$  below  $T_{J\_SD}$
- $V_{TS\_0}<V_{TS}<V_{TS\_60}$  or  $V_{TS}<V_{TS\_DIS}$
- $V_{ISET}<V_{MSD}$

If any one of the above conditions is not valid, the device keeps the power MOSFET off, and draws less than typical  $75\mu\text{A}$  from VCC, draws less than typical  $1\mu\text{A}$  from battery.

The device charges the battery in three phases: trickle charging, constant current charging and constant voltage charging. At the beginning of a charging cycle, the device checks the battery voltage and regulates current and voltage accordingly. If the voltage at the BAT pin is less than  $V_{TRIK}$ , the charger enters trickle charging phase, the charge current is reduced to nearly 1/10 of the presetting values ( $I_{CHG}$ ). The charger switches to constant current charging phase as the BAT pin voltages rise above  $V_{TRIK}$ , the charge current is thus resumed to full presetting value. When the final float voltage is reached, the device enters constant voltage charging phase and charge current begins to decrease until it drops to 1/10 of the presetting value or 10mA (configured by ITERM) and end the charge cycle.



**Figure 1. Battery Charging Profile**

**Programming Charge Current**

The charge current is programmable using a single resistor from the ISET pin to ground. The battery charge current is 1000 times the current out of the ISET pin. The program resistor and the charge current are calculated using the

following equations:

$$R_{ISET} = 1000V / I_{CHG}, I_{CHG} = 1000V / R_{ISET}$$

The ISET pin voltage is regulated at 1V in constant current charging and 0.1V in trickle charging. The charge current can be determined at any time by monitoring the ISET pin voltage using the following equation:

$$I_{BAT} = 1000 \times V_{ISET} / R_{ISET}$$

**Charge Termination and Recharge**

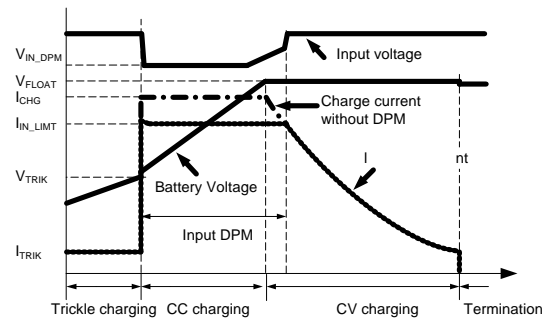
JW3665/JW3665A terminates a charge cycle when the battery voltage is above the recharge threshold  $V_{RCHG}$ , and the current is below termination current  $I_{TERM}$  for longer than  $t_{TERM}$ . The termination current can be configured to 1/10  $I_{CHG}$  or 10mA according the  $I_{TERM}$  level. Floating the  $I_{TERM}$  pin and it will be pulled to high by an internal 2 $\mu$ A current, the termination current is set to 1/10  $I_{CHG}$  when the  $I_{TERM}$  pin voltage is above 1.2V. Set termination current to 10mA by connecting  $I_{TERM}$  pin to ground.

After charge termination, JW3665/JW3665A constantly monitors the BAT pin voltage. If the voltage drops below the recharge threshold  $V_{RCHG}$  longer than  $t_{RCHG}$ , another charge cycle automatic begins and current is once again supplied to the battery. To manually restart a charge cycle after charge termination, the input voltage must be removed and reapplied, or the charge current program resistor  $R_{ISET}$  must be disconnected and reconnected.

**Input Dynamic Power Management**

To meet maximum current in USB spec and avoid over loading the adapter, JW3665/JW3665A features input dynamic power management which continuously monitors the input voltage when charging. When input source is over-loaded, the input voltage falls below the input voltage limit

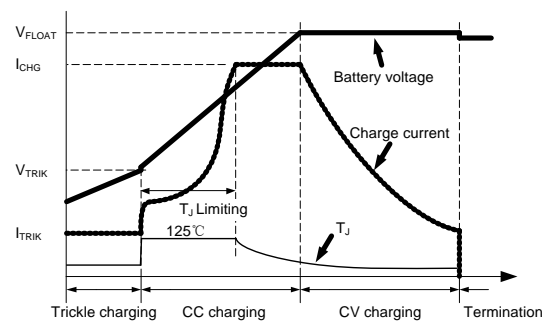
( $V_{IN\_DPM}$ ). The device then reduces the charge current until the input voltage rises above the input voltage limit.



**Figure 2. Battery Charging Profile with Input DPM**

**Thermal Limiting**

An internal thermal feedback loop reduces the charge current if the die temperature attempts to rise above a preset value of approximately 125 $^{\circ}$ C, hence prevents the temperature from further increase and ensure device safe operation.



**Figure 3. Battery Charging Profile with Tj Limiting**

**Under-Voltage Lockout**

Build-in under-voltage lockout circuit monitors the input voltage and keeps the charger in shutdown mode until VCC rises above the under-voltage lockout threshold. The UVLO circuit has a built-in hysteresis of 150mV. Furthermore, to protect against reverse current in the power MOSFET, the UVLO circuit keeps the charger in shutdown mode if VCC falls below the  $V_{BAT} + 30mV$ . If the UVLO comparator is tripped, the charger will not come out of

shutdown mode until VCC rises 100mV above the battery voltage.

**Input Over-voltage**

If VCC voltage exceeds  $V_{OVP}$  longer than  $t_{OVP\_DEG}$ , the power MOSFET turns off. During input over-voltage event,  $\overline{CHG}$  and  $\overline{STDBY}$  are forced high impedance. The device will automatically resume normal operation when VCC falls 150mV below over-voltage threshold longer than 400 $\mu$ s.

**Manual Shutdown**

At any point in the charge cycle, the JW3665/JW3665A can enter shutdown mode by removing  $R_{ISET}$  and floating the ISET pin. In shutdown mode, the battery current is less than 1 $\mu$ A and the VCC current is less than 75 $\mu$ A. A new charge cycle can be initiated by reconnecting the  $R_{ISET}$  resistor.

**Thermistor Qualification**

The JEITA guideline emphasized the importance of avoiding a high charge current and high charge voltage at certain low and high temperature ranges.

JW3665/JW3665A provides a single thermistor input TS pin for battery temperature monitor. To initiate a charge cycle, the voltage on TS pin must be within the  $V_{TS\_0}$  to  $V_{TS\_60}$  threshold. If TS voltage exceeds the  $V_{TS\_0}$ - $V_{TS\_60}$  range, the device suspends charge by turning off the power MOSFET. Charge is resumed when the temperature returns to the  $V_{TS\_0}$ - $V_{TS\_60}$  range.

The TS function for JW3665/JW3665A is designed to follow the JEITA temperature standard for Li-Ion and Li-Polymer batteries. At cool temperature ( $V_{TS\_0}$ - $V_{TS\_10}$ ), the ISET pin voltage is regulated at 0.5V, the charge current is reduced to half of the presetting charge current. At warm temperature ( $V_{TS\_45}$ - $V_{TS\_60}$ ), the battery charge voltage is reduced to less

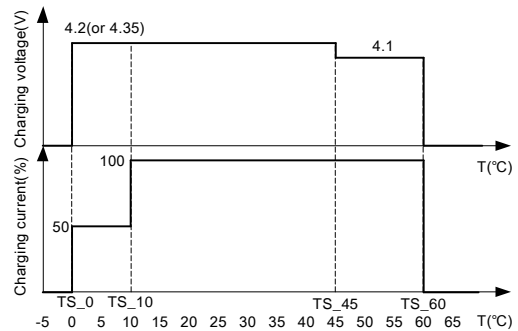
than 4.1V, and charge termination is temporarily disabled.

The external resistors  $R_{T1}$  and  $R_{T2}$  enable selecting a temperature window. If  $R_{TC}$  and  $R_{TH}$  are the thermistor impedances for the Cold (0°C) and Hot (60°C) thresholds, the values for  $R_{T1}$  and  $R_{T2}$  can be calculated as follows, for a NTC thermistor.

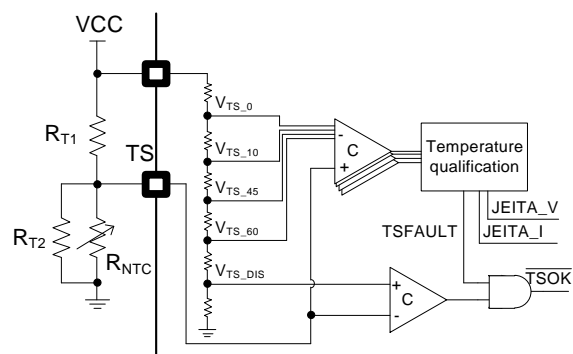
$$R_{T1} = \frac{R_{TC} R_{TH} (K_2 - K_1)}{K_1 K_2 (R_{TC} - R_{TH})}$$

$$R_{T2} = \frac{R_{TC} R_{TH} (K_2 - K_1)}{R_{TC} (K_1 - K_1 K_2) - R_{TH} (K_2 - K_1 K_2)}$$

Where,  $K_1=0.45$ ,  $K_2=0.8$ .



**Figure 4. JEITA Profile**



**Figure 5. Battery Temperature Qualification**

The temperature sensing feature can be disabled by connecting TS pin to ground to keep TS pin voltage below  $V_{TS\_DIS}$ .

**Charge Current Soft-Start**

The JW3665/JW3665A includes a soft-start

circuit to minimize the inrush current. When a charge cycle is initiated or charge phase transfers from trickle charging to constant current charging, the charge current ramps from zero to the full-scale current over a period of approximately 25ms.

**Charge Status Indicators**

The JW3665/JW3665A has two open-drain charge status indication output pins. STDBY is pulled LOW only when the charging is complete. Otherwise, STDBY is high impedance. CHG is battery in charging indicator, it is pulled LOW when battery in charging and output high impedance when charge finished or charge disabled.

Charge Status	<u>CHG</u>	<u>STDBY</u>
In charging	Low	High Z
Charge finished	High Z	Low
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <math>V_{CC} &lt; V_{UV}</math></li> <li>• <math>V_{CC} &lt; V_{BAT} + V_{ASD}</math></li> <li>• VCC OVP</li> <li>• TS voltage out of range</li> </ul>	High Z	High Z

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <math>V_{ISET} &gt; V_{MSD}</math></li> <li>• VCC reverse connection</li> <li>• Battery reverse connection</li> <li>• Junction OTP</li> </ul>		
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**VCC Reverse Polarity Protection**

JW3665/JW3665A provides reverse polarity input voltage protection. The device keeps in shutdown mode when input voltage polarity is reversed, and two open-drain indication pins are high impedance. The reverse leakage current is below 10mA. When battery is connected, the reverse input voltage should not exceed 5.5V. Exceeding this rating may damage the device.

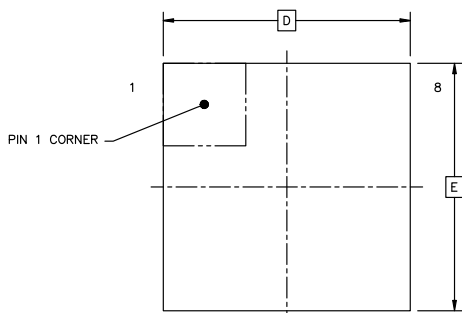
**Battery Reverse Polarity Protection**

JW3665/JW3665A provides reverse polarity battery voltage protection. The device keeps in shutdown mode when battery voltage polarity is reversed, and two open-drain indication pins are high impedance. The reverse leakage current is below 5mA. The device will automatically resume normal operation when battery is connected correctly.

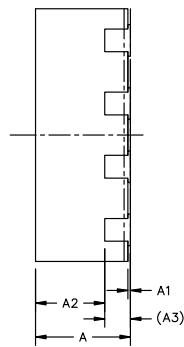
PACKAGE OUTLINE

DFN2x2-8

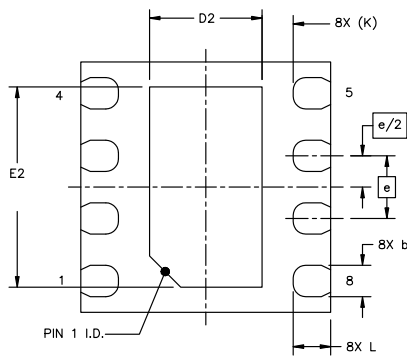
UNIT: mm



TOP VIEW



SIDE VIEW



BOTTOM VIEW

SYMBOL	MILLIMETER		
	MIN	NOM	MAX
A	0.70	0.75	0.80
A1	0.00	0.02	0.05
A2	—	0.55	—
A3	0.203 REF		
b	0.20	0.25	0.30
D	1.90	2.00	2.10
E	1.90	2.00	2.10
e	0.5 BSC		
L	0.25	0.30	0.35
D2	0.80	0.90	1.00
E2	1.50	1.60	1.70
K	0.15	0.25	0.35

Package Type	Pin1 Quadrant
DFN2X2-8	1

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